Features

- 1-channel isolated barrier
- 24 V DC supply (Power Rail)
- Voltage input 0 V ... -20 V
- · Vibration sensor inputs
- Voltage/current field supply
- Voltage output 0 V ... -20 V
- Up to SIL 2 acc. to IEC 61508

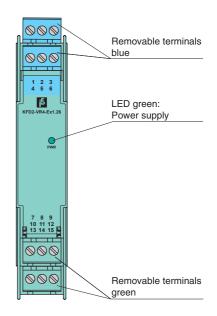
Function

This isolated barrier is used for intrinsic safety applications. It provides a floating output to power a vibration sensor (e. g., Bently Nevada) or accelerometer in a hazardous area and transfers the voltage signal from that sensor to the safe area.

The device is designed to provide a voltage or current supply to the vibration sensor. Depending on connection the barrier provides 3.6 mA, 5.3 mA, or 8.9 mA supply current for 2-wire sensors, or 18 V at 20 mA for 3-wire sensors.

Assembly

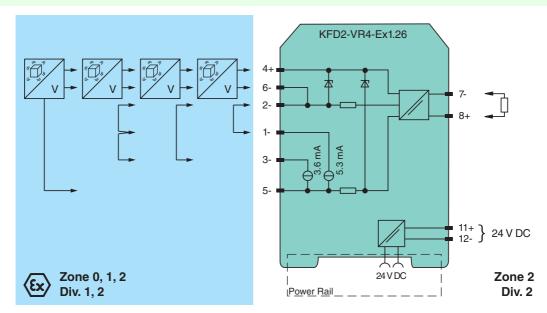
Front view







Connection

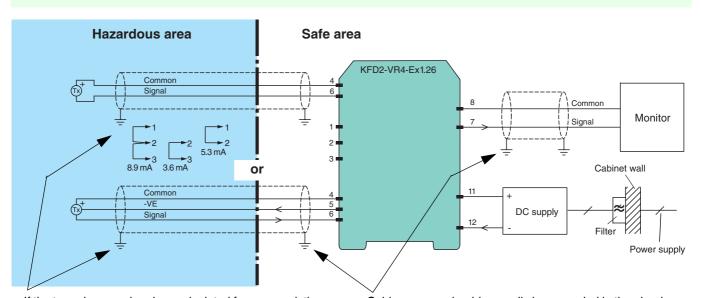


General specifications	
Signal type	Analog input
Functional safety related parame	eters
Safety Integrity Level (SIL)	SIL 2
Supply	
Connection	Power Rail or terminals 11+, 12-
Rated voltage U _r	. 19 30 V DC
Ripple	within the supply tolerance
Power dissipation	≤1.2 W
Power consumption	≤ 1.6 W
'	≥ 1.0 W
Input	a.i
Connection side	field side
Connection	terminals 4 (common), 1, 3 and 5 (supply -), 2 and 6 (signal -)
Input resistance	10 k Ω terminals 4 (common), 6-/2-
Output rated operating current	terminals 4 (common), 5-: > 10 mA at -21 V or > 20 mA at -18 V terminals 4 (common), 1-: 5.3 mA \pm 0.4 mA at -10 V terminals 4 (common), 3-: 3.6 mA \pm 0.7 mA at -10 V, 20 °C (68 °F)
Transmission range	-20 0 V
Output	
Connection side	control side
Connection	terminals 7-, 8+
Load	\geq 9 k Ω (3-wire sensor), \geq 2 k Ω (2-wire sensor)
Voltage	-20 0 V
•	
Output resistance	24 Ω typ., 27 Ω maximum Since this is much less than the end-to-end resistance of a zener barrier, it may be necessary to specify a monitor intended for use without a barrier. Please follow the advice of the monitor manufacturer.
Transfer characteristics	
Cut-off frequency	10 kHz (-0,1 dB) 20 kHz (-1 dB)
Deviation	DC transfer error (with 10 k Ω load) < 10mV
After calibration	additional error with AC superimposed is ± 5 mV at 20 °C (68 °F) at any point within the span, provided that the alternating component of the input voltage is not excessive, e. g square waves (0 20 kHz): 5 V_{pp} - sine waves (0 20 kHz): the full span of 20 V_{pp} (= 100 g peak acceleration at 100 mV/g) is acceptable.
Influence of ambient temperature	·
Time delay relative to input	7.1 ±0.3 µs
Ripple	in 200 kHz bandwidth < 20 mV _{rms} in 20 kHz bandwidth < 3 mV _{rms}
Galvanic isolation	The state of the s
Output/power supply	functional insulation, rated insulation voltage 50 V AC
	Turictional insulation, rated insulation voltage 50 v Ao
Indicators/settings	150
Display elements	LED
Labeling	space for labeling at the front
Directive conformity	
Directive conformity Electromagnetic compatibility	
•	EN 61326-1:2013 (industrial locations)
Electromagnetic compatibility	
Electromagnetic compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU	
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Electromagnetic compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU Conformity Electromagnetic compatibility Degree of protection Protection against electrical shock Ambient conditions Ambient temperature Mechanical specifications Degree of protection Connection Mass Dimensions Mounting Data for application in connection with hazardous areas EU-Type Examination Certificate Marking Input	EN 61326-1:2013 (industrial locations) NE 21:2006 IEC 60529 UL 61010-1 -20 60 °C (-4 140 °F) IP20 screw terminals approx. 125 g 20 x 119 x 115 mm (0.8 x 4.7 x 4.5 inch) , housing type B2 on 35 mm DIN mounting rail acc. to EN 60715:2001 BAS 02 ATEX 7206 ⟨♠ II (1)GD, [Ex ia Ga] IIC, [Ex ia Da] IIIC, (-20 °C ≤ T _{amb} ≤ 60 °C) [circuit(s) in zone 0/1/2] Ex ia Ga, Ex ia Da -26.4 V 90 mA



Supply	
Maximum safe voltage U _m	253 V (Attention! The rated voltage can be lower.)
Output	
Maximum safe voltage U _m	253 V (Attention! The rated voltage is lower.)
EU-Type Examination Certificate	DMT 01 ATEX E 133
Marking	⟨x⟩ (M1) [Ex ia]
Certificate	TÜV 99 ATEX 1499 X
Marking	(Ex) II 3G Ex nA II T4 [device in zone 2]
Galvanic isolation	
Input/Output	safe galvanic isolation acc. to IEC 60079-11, voltage peak value 375 V
Input/power supply	safe galvanic isolation acc. to IEC 60079-11, voltage peak value 375 V
Directive conformity	
Directive 2014/34/EU	EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013 , EN 60079-11:2012 , EN 60079-15:2010 , EN 50303:2000
International approvals	
UL approval	
Control drawing	116-0316 (cULus)
IECEx approval	IECEx BAS 05.0078 IECEx BAS 10.0085X
Approved for	[Ex ia Ga] IIC, [Ex ia Da] IIIC, [Ex ia Ma] I Ex nA II T4 Gc
General information	
Supplementary information	Observe the certificates, declarations of conformity, instruction manuals, and manuals where applicable. For information see www.pepperl-fuchs.com.

Installation



If the transducer and probe are isolated from ground, the cable screen may be left unconnected at this end but must be securely insulated. If the transducer circuitry is connected or decoupled to ground the screen must be securely grounded.

In general, please follow the recommendations of the transducer makers.

Cable screens should normally be grounded in the gland where the cable enters the barrier cabinet. If the cabinet doors are likely to be left open while transceivers are in use nearby, it is permissible to ground the cable screens to the DIN rail on which the barriers are mounted, but note that this may affect the R.F.I. immunity of other apparatus in the cabinet.

Function

Vibration monitoring sensors with 2-wire connection:

2-wire accelerometers and velocity indication devices are supplied with a fixed current and indicate what they are sensing by varying their own supply voltage - often by ±5 V about a quiescent level of about 10 V. Those sensors are connected to terminals 4 and 6 with a link between terminals 2 and 1 (5.3 mA) or terminals 2 and 3 (3.6 mA) or terminals 2 and both 1 and 3 (8.9 mA).

The terminal 5 circuit has 2 constant sources of current connected to it which are brought out on terminals 1 at 5.3 mA and 3 at 3.6 mA. That means that a 1 k Ω resistor, for example, connected between terminals 4 and 1 would have 5.3 mA flowing in it, connected between terminals 4 and 3 would have 3.6 mA flowing in it and connected between terminals 4 and both 1 and 3 would have 8.9 mA flowing in it.



Example:

As an example, a 2-wire accelerometer requiring a minimum of 4 mA supply current and changing its own supply voltage by 100 mV for each "g" that it experiences would be connected between terminals 4 and 6 with a link between terminals 2 and 1. In that condition there may be around 10 V between terminals 4 and 6 under quiescent conditions. If it were capable of indication up to 50 g in each direction then the voltage between terminals 4 and 6 would vary between 5 V (indicating +50 g) and 15 V (indicating -50 g).

Vibration monitoring sensors with 3-wire connection:

Commonly 3-wire analogue proximity sensors are used to indicate shaft position and can "see" movements due to vibration which they indicate as a varying voltage level on the 3rd wire. Those sensors are connected to terminals 4, 5 and 6 with power supplied through terminals 4 and 5 and the signal connected to terminal 6. For a 3-wire sensor taking 10 mA, terminal 5 would be at approximately -21 V with respect to the common terminal 4 and the signal on the 3rd wire, connected to terminal 6, would be able to vary over the 0 to -19 V, or so, with respect to the common.

Terminal 4, the most positive terminal on the field side, is regarded as "common". There is an open circuit voltage of about 24 V DC between terminals 4 and 5 but terminal 5 has a resistance of about 300 Ω in series with it so the voltage falls to about 21 V at 10 mA and about 18 V at 20 mA. DC voltages at terminals 6 and 2 (referred to the "common") are repeated at terminal 7 using terminal 8 as the "common" on the safe side of the unit.

Accessories

Power feed module KFD2-EB2

The power feed module is used to supply the devices with 24 V DC via the Power Rail. The fuse-protected power feed module can supply up to 150 individual devices depending on the power consumption of the devices. Collective error messages received from the Power Rail activate a galvanically-isolated mechanical contact.

Power Rail UPR-03

The Power Rail UPR-03 is a complete unit consisting of the electrical insert and an aluminium profile rail 35 mm x 15 mm. To make electrical contact, the devices are simply engaged.

Profile Rail K-DUCT with Power Rail

The profile rail K-DUCT is an aluminum profile rail with Power Rail insert and two integral cable ducts for system and field cables. Due to this assembly no additional cable guides are necessary.



Power Rail and Profile Rail must not be fed via the device terminals of the individual devices!